



Office of the
Principal Chief Commercial Manager
Bilaspur 495004 (C.G)

Rates Circular No.184 (G)/2020

No. C/SECR/BSP/RTT /Policy/

Date: 04.11.2020

All SMs/CSMs, CCs/CGSs & Siding Clerks, Weigh Bridge Clerks. All CCIs, CIs of SECR.

Copy for information and necessary action to:

DRM: SECR/BSP, NGP, RAIPUR.

Sr. DCMs, Sr.DOMs: SECR/NGP, BSP, RAIPUR. Commercial Control: SECR/BSP:

ARMs: SECR/BIA, KRBA, SDL, BRJN. Principal Director of Audit/SEC Railway/Bilaspur.

PFA,PCOM, CFTM, PCME, PCE, PCEE, SDGM and CPRO: SECR/BSP.

FA&CAO(T), Dy.FA&CAO(T), Sr. AFA(TA): SECR/BSP.

Sub: Policy guidelines on Round - Trip Traffic (RTT)

Ref: Railway Board's letter no.TCR/1078/2020/3/ dated.23.10.2020.

उपर्युक्त विषयक रेलवे बोर्ड के पत्र संख्या. TCR/1078/2020/3/ dated.23.10.2020

(Rates Circular No.27 of 2020) dt-23.10.2020. आपके सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु संलग्न है।

All concerned staff please note and act accordingly.

Encl: As above

Signed by Tanmay

Mukhopadhyay

Date: 06-11-2020 13:27:13

Reason: Approved

Dy.Chief Commercial Manager (FS)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (भारत सरकार)
MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (रेल मंत्रालय)
RAILWAY BOARD (रेलवे बोर्ड)

No. TCR/1078/2020/3

New Delhi, dated 23.10.2020

General Managers
All Indian Railways

Sub	:	Policy guidelines on Round-Trip Traffic (RTT)
Ref	:	Board's letter of even number dated 05.06.2020 (Rates Circular No.11 of 2020)

1.	In terms of Board's letter of even number dated 05.06.2020, policy guidelines were issued on the above subject. The matter has been reviewed by the Competent Authority.																																																		
2.	Accordingly, in supersession of Rates Circular No.11 of 2020 and clarification thereon, following guidelines are issued for policy on Round-trip Traffic (RTT).																																																		
2.1	Objective: This policy aims at garnering additional traffic to rail and to reduce empty run by incentivizing the round-trip traffic by competitive pricing. Scheme: In case any customer (consignor) commits to offer traffic in return direction i.e., back to the originating station, either from the destination station or from any point within 200 kms of the destination station, then traffic for both outward and return traffic shall be charged as detailed in para 2.2 below. This shall be subject to the condition that loading in return direction begins within 24 hours of the release of outward rake at its destination. Further, the benchmark NTKMs shall have to necessarily be crossed for availing the benefit under this scheme.																																																		
2.2	a. Charging Policy: The charging shall be as per the illustration below*: <table><tr><th>Direction</th><th>O-D</th><th>Commodity</th><th>Class</th><th>Freight payable</th></tr><tr><td colspan="5">Scenario 1</td></tr><tr><td>Outward Traffic</td><td>A to B</td><td>X</td><td>150</td><td>At Class 150</td></tr><tr><td>Return Traffic</td><td>B/C to A</td><td>Y</td><td>160</td><td>At Class 150</td></tr><tr><td colspan="5">Scenario 2</td></tr><tr><td>Outward Traffic</td><td>A to B</td><td>X</td><td>150</td><td>At Class 150</td></tr><tr><td>Return Traffic</td><td>B/C to A</td><td>Y</td><td>140</td><td>At class 140 Less the Difference of freight between NTR of class 150 and class 140</td></tr><tr><td colspan="5">Scenario 3</td></tr><tr><td>Outward Traffic</td><td>A to B</td><td>X</td><td>150</td><td>At Class 150</td></tr><tr><td>Return Traffic</td><td>B/C to A</td><td>Y</td><td>150</td><td>At Class 150 Less 10%</td></tr></table>	Direction	O-D	Commodity	Class	Freight payable	Scenario 1					Outward Traffic	A to B	X	150	At Class 150	Return Traffic	B/C to A	Y	160	At Class 150	Scenario 2					Outward Traffic	A to B	X	150	At Class 150	Return Traffic	B/C to A	Y	140	At class 140 Less the Difference of freight between NTR of class 150 and class 140	Scenario 3					Outward Traffic	A to B	X	150	At Class 150	Return Traffic	B/C to A	Y	150	At Class 150 Less 10%
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Shrip. Bishnoi
23.10.2020

commodity only after its benchmark NTKMs have been crossed.

It may be noted for clarity that benchmarks are commodity as well as direction (onward and return) specific.

Once the commodity benchmark NTKMs as defined is crossed, concession will be applicable from next RR onwards.

- 4.2 a In case of "New Traffic" the concession will be available from first RR itself. "New Traffic" is defined as the one whose benchmark NTKM is "zero"/"nil" as per para 3.3 OR the traffic offered by a "New customer", i.e. a customer who has not loaded that commodity from that terminal in previous 24 months.
- b However, ZR may ensure that such "New traffic" is not merely a diverted traffic and does not entail misuse of the policy.

4.3 Minimum chargeable NTR after all concession should not be below the NTR of Class 100.

4.4 No other concession under freight incentive schemes shall be applicable concurrently, other than concession applicable to traffic to and from North-East region.

4.5 Traffic under TEFD Scheme, Freight Forwarder Scheme, Freight Incentive Scheme for loading of Fly Ash and Freight Incentive Scheme for loading of bagged consignment in open and flat wagons shall continue to avail concession under those schemes. Such traffic however, shall not be eligible under RTT scheme.

4.6 The actual freight charged shall be considered for arriving at Actual Gross Freight Revenue (AGFR) with respect to Long Term Tariff Contract (L.T.C) Policy.

4.7 The consignor for outward direction and consignee for return traffic has to be mandatorily same i.e. under same customer code. However, consignor can be same in both the directions.

a The freight rebate or discount under assisted sliding policy, wagon investment scheme, terminal development scheme etc. can be concurrently availed, as these are not freight incentive schemes.

b TMS shall first calculate the concessional NTR as per RTT policy, subject to para 4.2. Thereafter, the concession under here-mentioned investment schemes shall be applied (on original NTR, i.e. not on discounted NTR).

4.9 TMS shall compare the NTR of outward and return class of commodities to determine the higher and lower class.

4.10 As per para 2.1 point B and C shall not be more than 200 km. apart. No freight shall be charged on empty movement between point B to C.

4.11 These guidelines shall be applicable for block rakes only.

5.0 All other commercial rules will continue to apply unchanged.

6.0 These instructions will come into force w.e.f. 24.10.2020, and shall remain valid for a period of one year; i.e. up to 23.10.2021.

7.0 This issues in consultation with Traffic Transportation Dte. and with the concurrence of Finance Directorate in the Ministry of Railways.

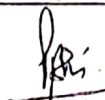
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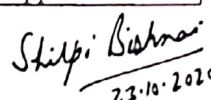
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23.10.2020
(Shilpi Bishnoi)
Director, Traffic Commercial (Rates)
Railway Board

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				discount on NTR in both the directions.
	*The distance between point B and Point C shall not be more than 200 km.			
	b. In case the commodity availing concession is under Main Commodity Head "Coal & Coke", then the amount of concession shall be capped at equivalent to 10% of NTR of applicable class of freight.			
2.3	Restricted commodities: Iron ore, Container traffic, POL, Military traffic, RMC and Automobile traffic, LR traffic/Traffic below NTR of Class 100.			
2.4	Permitted terminals: All Terminals (except Goodsheds and PFTs)			
3.0	Application and Processing:			
3.1	Rail users desirous of availing incentives under RTT policy, shall be required to apply Zonal Railway (PCCM, PCOM) alongwith the full details of O-D pair between which it will operate, commodity (onward as well as in return direction), details of traffic offered during previous year from these originating and destination points.			
3.2	In case originating points of the return traffic is/are located on other Zonal Railway, then concerned Zonal Railway shall ensure that the PCCM, PCOM of the other associating railway has been consulted before approval.			
3.3	a	Benchmark NTKM for a month shall be equal to the monthly average of the commodity NTKMs achieved in previous 24 months from that terminal/station OR commodity NTKMs from that terminal/station in same month of previous year whichever is higher. In case entire 24 month data is not available, data of first 22 months may be taken and that for rest upto two months can be extrapolated. The actual data should subsequently be fed into system(TMS) at the earliest, subject to maximum of two months after affecting the scheme in TMS for a customer.		
	b	Benchmark NTKMs for each commodity shall be laid down separately for onward and return direction. When benchmark NTKMs are crossed in a RR, the concession shall be applicable from next RR onwards.		
3.4	Zonal Railway must ensure that the scheme is not mis-used by formation of cartels or mere diversion of existing traffic. The objective of the traffic is to attract incremental/ additional traffic to rail. That is, overall NTKM of the commodity should increase.			
3.5	Alternate loading point (point C) within 200 Km of point 'B' may be allowed by PCCOM and PCCM after analyzing the empty run and the additional volumes/revenue which the proposed OD pair is offering.			
3.6	FOIS/CRIS shall design the suitable software for front end feeding of customer details, commodity, benchmark data, commencement date and validity etc by Zonal Railway and for implementation of this policy.			
4.0	Terms and conditions:			
4.1	As tabulated in para 2.2(a), the discount is to be granted to higher class commodity amongst the onward and return RRs, subject to fulfilment of given terms and conditions. However, the concession is applied through return Railway Receipt (RR) only.			
	In case of scenario 1 and 2 of para 2.2, the concession to higher class commodity shall be given only after it crosses the benchmark NTKMs.			
	In case of scenario 3 in para 2.2, concession of 10% shall be applicable to a			


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RATES CIRCULAR NO. 27 OF 2020

No. TCR/1078/2020/3

New Delhi, dated 23.10.2020

PFA's, All Indian Railways

Dy. C&AG(Railways), Room No.222, Rail Bhawan, New Delhi

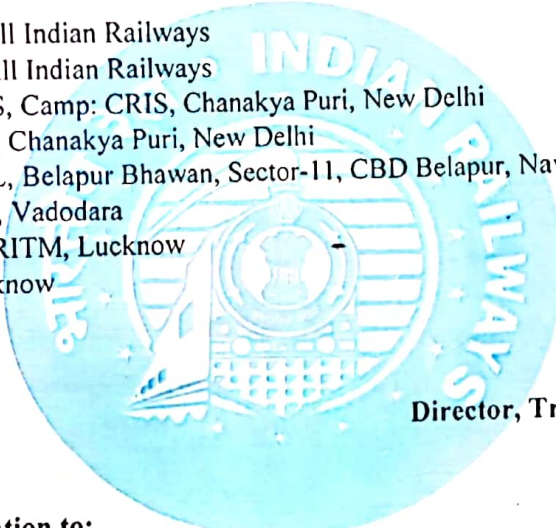
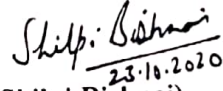

for Member (Finance), Railway Board

No. TCR/1078/2020/3

New Delhi, dated 23.10.2020

Copy to:

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2. PCOMs, All Indian Railways
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4. MD/CRIS, Chanakya Puri, New Delhi
5. MD/KRCL, Belapur Bhawan, Sector-11, CBD Belapur, Navi Mumbai-400614
6. DG/NAIR, Vadodara
7. Director/IRITM, Lucknow
8. CRS, Lucknow



(Shilpi Bishnoi)
Director, Traffic Commercial (Rates)
Railway Board

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